Mark Scheme (Results)

## June 2011

## GCE Statistics S3 (6691) Paper 1

Edexcel is one of the leading examining and awarding bodies in the UK and throughout the world. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers.

Through a network of UK and overseas offices, Edexcel's centres receive the support they need to help them deliver their education and training programmes to learners.

For further information, please call our GCE line on 08445760025 or visit our website at www.edexcel.com.

If you have any subject specific questions about the content of this Mark Scheme that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.

Ask The Expert can be accessed online at the following link: http://www.edexcel.com/Aboutus/contact-us/

June 2011
Publications Code UA028846
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Edexcel Ltd 2011
advancing learning, changing lives

## EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

## General Instructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75 .
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

- M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes and can be used if you are using the annotation facility on ePEN.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol will be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
-     * The answer is printed on the paper
- $\quad$ The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
advancing learning, changing lives


## June 2011 <br> Statistics S3 6691 <br> Mark Scheme


advancing learning, changing lives

advancing learning, changing lives

| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Notes <br> (a) <br> (b) | $1^{\text {st }}$ M1 for an attempt to rank the hardship against calls <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{M} 1 \quad$ for attempting $d$ for their ranks. Must be using ranks. <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ M1 for attempting $\sum d^{2}$ (must be using ranks) <br> $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for sum of 28 (or 84) <br> $4^{\text {th }}$ M1 for use of the correct formula with their $\sum d^{2}$. If answer is not <br> correct an expression is required. <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for awrt 0.5 (or -0.5 ) <br> $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B} 1 \quad$ for both hypotheses in terms of $\rho, \mathrm{H}_{1}$ must be two tail. <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{B} 1 \quad$ for cv of $\pm 0.7857$ (or 0.7143 to ft from 1-tailed $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ ) <br> M1 for a correct statement relating their $r_{s}$ with their cv but cv must <br> be such that $\|\mathrm{cv}\|<1$ <br> A1ft for a correct contextualised comment. Must mention "Councillor" and "claim" or "hardship" and "number of calls (to the emergency services)" <br> Follow through their $r_{s}$ and their cv (provided it is $\|\mathrm{cv}\|<1$ <br> Condone use of "association" in conclusion for A1 Condone 'positive' in conclusion. |  |



| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Notes |  |  |

advancing learning, changing lives

| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{x}=\frac{5320}{80}=66.5 \\ & s^{2}=\frac{392000-80 \times(66.5)^{2}}{79} \\ & =483.797 \ldots \end{aligned}$ <br> awrt 484 | M1,A1 <br> M1A1ft <br> A1 |
| (b) | $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \mu_{m}=\mu_{n m}, \quad \mathrm{H}_{1}: \mu_{m}>\mu_{n m} \quad$ (accept $\mu_{1}, \mu_{2}$ with definition) $\begin{aligned} & z=\frac{69.0-66.5}{\sqrt{\frac{483.797}{80}+\frac{446.44}{60}}} \\ & =0.6807 \end{aligned}$ <br> awrt 0.681 <br> One tailed cv 1.6449 <br> (Probability is awrt $0.752)$ <br> $0.6807<1.6449$ (or $0.248>0.05$ ) insufficient evidence to reject $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ <br> Mean money spent is not greater with music playing. | B1B1 <br> M1dM1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> dM1 <br> Alft |
|  |  | (8) $13$ |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Notes <br> No definition award B1B0. <br> $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{M} 1$ for attempt at s.e. - condone one number wrong or switched 60 \& 80. <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ dM1 for using their s.e. in correct formula for test statistic. <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ dM1 dep. on $2^{\text {nd }}$ M1 for a correct statement based on their normal cv and their test statistic <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ A1 for correct comment in context. Must mention "money spent" and "music playing". Allow ft. <br> Critical Region for (b) <br> Standard error x z value for $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{M} 1$ <br> Standard error x $1.6449=$ awrt 6.04 for $1^{\text {st }}$ A1 <br> $2.5<6.04$ |  |


| Question Number | Scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. <br> (a) | Hurricanes: occur singly / are independent or occur at random /are a rare event / at a constant rate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1B1 |
| (b) | From data $\frac{1 \times 2+2 \times 5+3 \times 17+. .+7 \times 12}{80}=4.4875$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M1A1 |
| (c) | No of <br> hurricanes, <br> $h$ 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7+ |  |
|  | $80 \mathrm{P}\left(\mathrm{X}=h^{\prime} 0.9\right.$ | 4.038 | $r=9.06 \ldots$ | 13.55 | $s=15.205$ | 13.647... | $\begin{aligned} & 10.2 \\ & 06 \ldots \end{aligned}$ | 13.388... | M1A1A1 |
|  | Combine <br> to give <br> expected <br> frequencies <br> $>5$ <br> 0 | 13.9991 |  | 13.55 | 15.205... | 13.647... | $\begin{gathered} 10.2 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 13.388... | (3) |
|  | Observed | 7 |  | 17 | 20 | 12 | 12 | 12 |  |
| (d) | $\frac{(O-E)^{2}}{E}$ | 3.499... |  | 0.876... | 1.511.. | 0.198... | 0.31 <br> $5 .$. | 0.143... | M1 |
|  | $\frac{O_{i}{ }^{2}}{E_{i}}$ | 3.500... |  | 21.322... | 26.306... | 10.551... | $\begin{aligned} & 14.1 \\ & \text { 8 } . . \end{aligned}$ | 10.755.. |  |
|  | $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ : Poisson distribution is a good fit o.e. <br> $\mathrm{H}_{1}$ : Poisson distribution is not a good fit o.e. $\sum \frac{\left(O_{i}-E_{i}\right)^{2}}{E_{i}}=6.545 . . \text { or } \frac{O_{i}{ }^{2}}{E_{i}}=86.545-80=6.545 . .$ <br> 6.54) $v=6-2=4$ <br> cv is 9.488 $\left.\chi_{v}^{2}(0.05)\right)$ <br> $6.545<9.488$ so insufficient evidence to reject $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ <br> (Hurricanes) can be modelled by a Poisson distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> B1ft |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (6) $13$ |

advancing learning, changing lives

| Question <br> Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| (b) | M for at least 2 terms on numerator. 359/80 only award M0A0 <br> (c) <br> M for 80xPoisson probability with 4.4875 and either 2 or 4. |  |
| (d) | st A1 for awrt 9.06 and 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ A1 for awrt 15.20 or 15.21 <br> $1^{\text {st }}$ M1 for some pooling and attempting $\frac{(O-E)^{2}}{E}$ or $\frac{O^{2}}{E}$, at least 3 correct <br> expressions or values. <br> $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B} 1$ no value for parameter permitted <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{A} 1 \quad$ for a correct comment suggesting that Poisson model is suitable. <br> No ft |  |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6. <br> (a) | $L=A_{1}+A_{2}+\ldots+A_{6}$ <br> Mean is $\mathrm{E}(L)=6 \times 20=120$ <br> Standard deviation is $\sqrt{\operatorname{Var}(W)}=\sqrt{6 \times 5^{2}}=5 \sqrt{6}=12.247 \ldots \quad$ awrt $12.2$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> (2) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} P(L>110) & =P\left(Z>\left(\frac{110-120}{12.247 \ldots}\right)\right) \\ & =P(Z<0.8164 \ldots) \\ & =0.7939 \text { (or } 0.7929 \text { using interpolation or } 0.79289 \text { by calc) } \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> (2) |
| (c) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Let } X=4 B-\sum_{1}^{6} A_{i} \\ & \mathrm{E}(X)=140-120=20 \\ & \begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Var}(X)=16 \times 8^{2}+6 \times 5^{2}=1174 \\ & \mathrm{P}(X<0)=\mathrm{P}\left(Z<\frac{-20}{\sqrt{1174}}\right)=\mathrm{P}(Z<-0.583 \ldots) \\ & \quad=0.2797 \text { (or } 0.2810 \text { if no interpolation) or } 0.27971 \text { by calc. } \end{aligned} \end{aligned} \begin{aligned} \\ \quad \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1M1A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> (6) |


| Question <br> Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| (b) | M1 fores <br> attempting to standardise with their mean and sd. This can be implied by the <br> correct answer. <br> A1 for awrt 0.794 or 0.793 <br> Accept $\pm 20$ for B mark. Only award for probability statement if 2 terms in <br> var <br> $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{M} 1$ for 1024, $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{M} 1$ for 150 <br> $3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{M}$ for standardising with their mean and 2 term sd and finding <br> probability $<0.5$ <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for awrt 0.280 or 0.281 |  |
| (c) |  |  |


| Question Number | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H}_{0}: \mu=250, \mathrm{H}_{1}: \mu<250 \\ & z \quad=\frac{248-250}{\frac{5.4}{\sqrt{90}}} \\ & \quad=-3.513 \ldots \\ & 3.51 \quad \text { awrt }- \\ & \text { Critical value }-1.6449 \\ & -3.513 . .<-1.6449 \text { so sufficient evidence to reject } \mathrm{H}_{0} \\ & \text { Manager's claim is justified. } \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> B1 <br> A1 |
| (b) | $98 \% \mathrm{CI}$ for $\mu$ is $\begin{aligned} & 248 \pm 2.3263 \times \frac{5.4}{\sqrt{90}} \\ & =\operatorname{awrt}(247,249) \\ & 2.33 \end{aligned}$ <br> dependent upon $z$ value awrt | M1B1 <br> A1A1 <br> (4) |
| (c) | Hypothesis test is significant or CI does not contain stated weight. (Manager should ask the company to investigate if their) stated weight is too high o.e. | B1 <br> B1 <br> (2) |
| (d) | $\begin{aligned} & P(\|\bar{x}-\mu\|<1)=0.98 \\ & \frac{1}{\frac{3}{\sqrt{n}}}=2.3263 \\ & n=(3 \times 2.3263)^{2}=48.7 \ldots \end{aligned}$ <br> Sample size 49 required. | M1 A1 <br> dM1A1 <br> A1 <br> (5) |

advancing learning, changing lives

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Question Number \& Scheme \& Marks <br>
\hline (a)

(b)

(d) \& | Notes |
| :--- |
| $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B} 1 \quad$ for $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ and for $\mathrm{H}_{1} \quad$ (must be $<250$ ) They must use $\mu$ not $x, p, \lambda$ or $\bar{x}$ etc |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ M1 for attempt at standardising using 248, 250 and sd. Can accept $\pm$. Critical region: 250-0.936=249.064 for M1A1 (and compare with 248.) $3^{\text {rd }}$ B1 for $\pm 1.6449$ seen (or probability of 0.0002 or better) |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ A1 for a correct contextualised comment. Must mention "Manager" and "claim" or "weight" and "stated weight". No follow through. 2.3263 or better for B mark. Any $z$ value replacing 2.3263 award M . |
| $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{M}$ for $\mathrm{LHS}=z$ value $>1$ |
| $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{A}$ for RHS awrt 2.33 |
| $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for answers in the range 48.7-48.9 |
| $3^{\text {rd }} \mathrm{A} 1$ don't condone $\geq$ | \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

Further copies of this publication are available from
Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623467467
Fax 01623450481
Email publication.orders@edexcel.com
Order Code UA028846 June 2011

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit
Llywodraeth Cynulliad Cymru www.edexcel.com/quals

